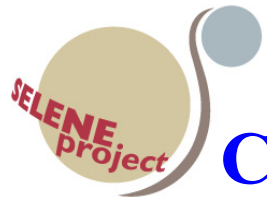




SELENE Mission

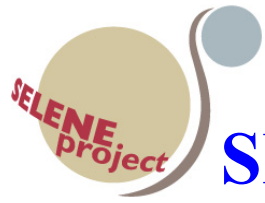
- **Mission Objectives**
- **Mission Profile**
- **Spacecraft Configuration**
- **Mission Instruments**
- **Operations Center**
- **Development Schedule**

October 2003



Characteristic Features of SELENE Mission

- **Moon-orbiting observatory mission,**
- **Largest lunar exploration after the Apollo program,**
- **One of the scientific mission of Japanese space agency, JAXA (Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency) which was newly organized on Oct.1,**
- **Science and engineering research,**
- **Launch scheduled for late 2005.**



SELENE Mission Objectives

Science

1. Science of the Moon

Study of origin and evolution of the Moon

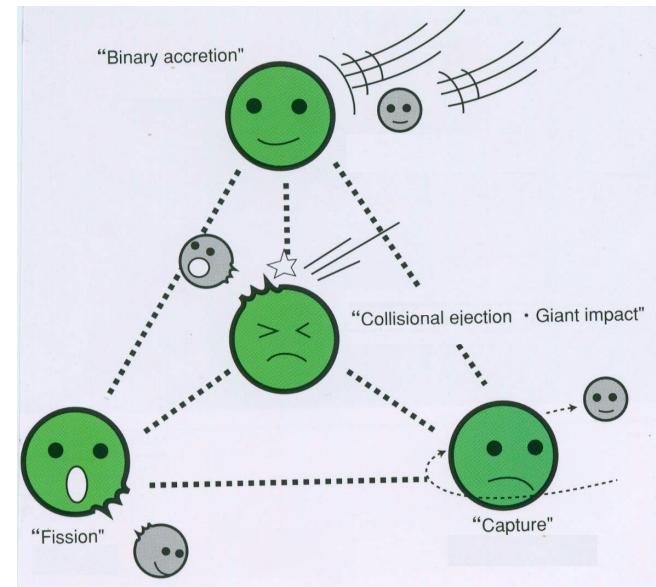
2. Science on the Moon

In-situ measurement of lunar environment

3. Science from the Moon

Observation of solar-terrestrial plasma environment

Site search for future astronomical observation



Engineering:

Technology Development for Future Lunar Exploration

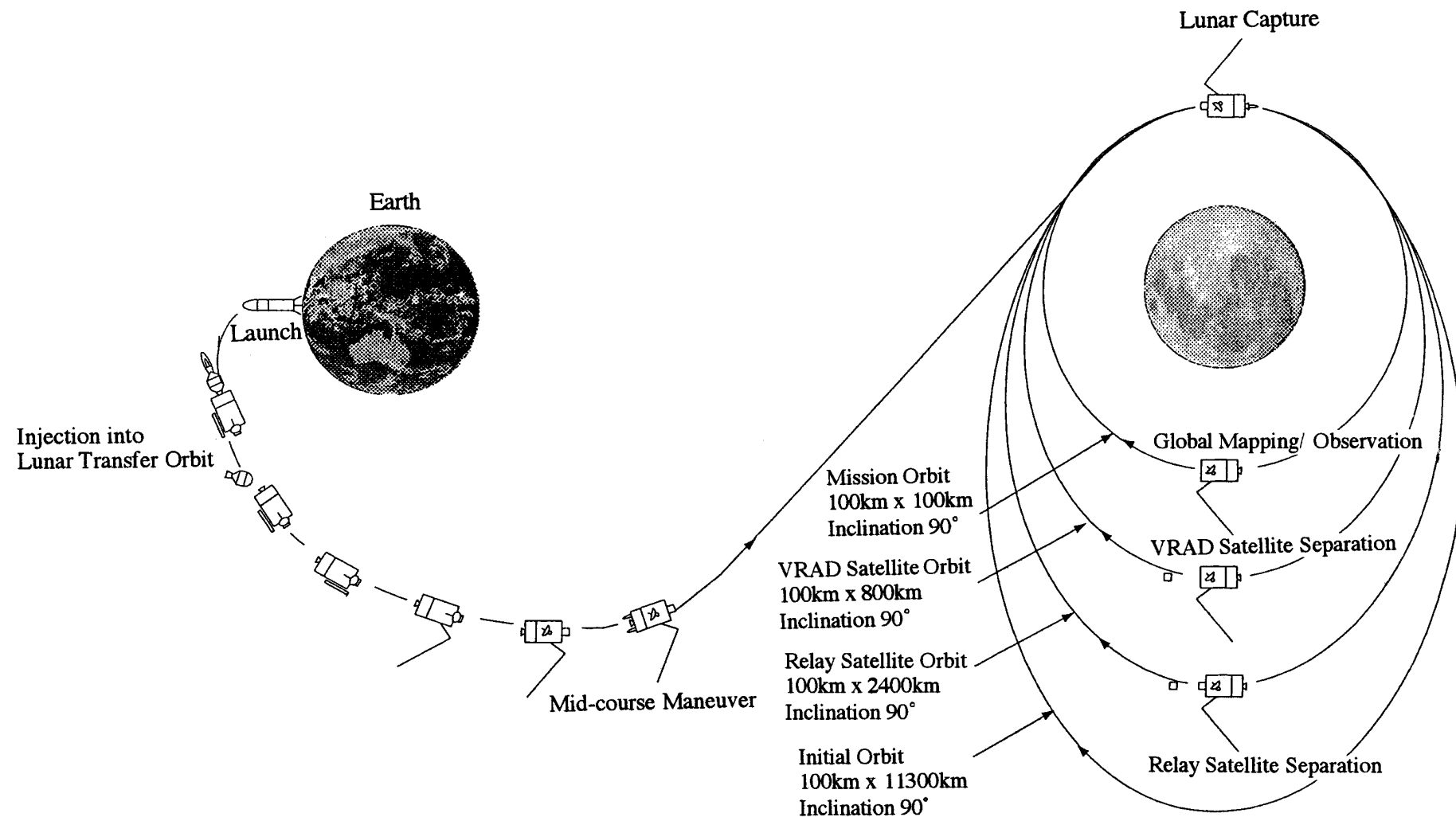


Mission Summary

Launch	H-IIA Launch in 2005 from Tanegashima
System	Main orbiter (2.1 x 2.1 x 4.2 m), Relay satellite and VRAD satellite (1 mφ x 0.65 m)
Orbit	Direct injection to the lunar transfer orbit 100 km circular, Inclination 90° (Main orbiter) 100 km x 2400 km elliptical, Inclination 90° (Relay satellite) 100 km x 800 km elliptical, Inclination 90° (VRAD satellite)
Mission Period	1 year nominal plus optional observation
Attitude Control System	Main orbiter: 3-axis control, 2 Star sensors, 2 IMUs, 4 Sun sensors 4 Reaction wheels (20 Nms), Pointing $\pm 0.1^\circ (3\sigma)$, Determination $\pm 0.025^\circ (3\sigma)$ Stability $\pm 0.003^\circ/s (3\sigma)$ Relay/VRAD satellite: Spin stabilization (>10 rpm)
Thruster System	Main orbiter: 500 N x 1, 20 N x 12, 1 N x 8
Power System	Main orbiter: GaAs solar array paddle 3.5 kW, Battery NiCd, 35 AH x 4, 50 V Relay/VRAD satellite: High efficiency Si Solar Cell 70 W, NiMH 13 AH, 26 V
Communication System	Main orbiter: S and X bands, High gain antenna (S, X), 4 Omni antennas (S), 10 Mbps (X downlink), 40 or 2 kbps (S downlink), 1 kbps (uplink) Relay/VRAD satellite: 128 kbps
Orbiter Data Recorder	Main orbiter: 10 GBytes
Weight	<div>Launch</div> <div>2885 kg</div> <div>Orbiter (Dry Weight)</div> <div>1720 kg</div> <div>Science Payload</div> <div>270 kg (approx)</div> <div>Relay Satellite</div> <div>45 kg</div> <div>VRAD Satellite</div> <div>45 kg</div>

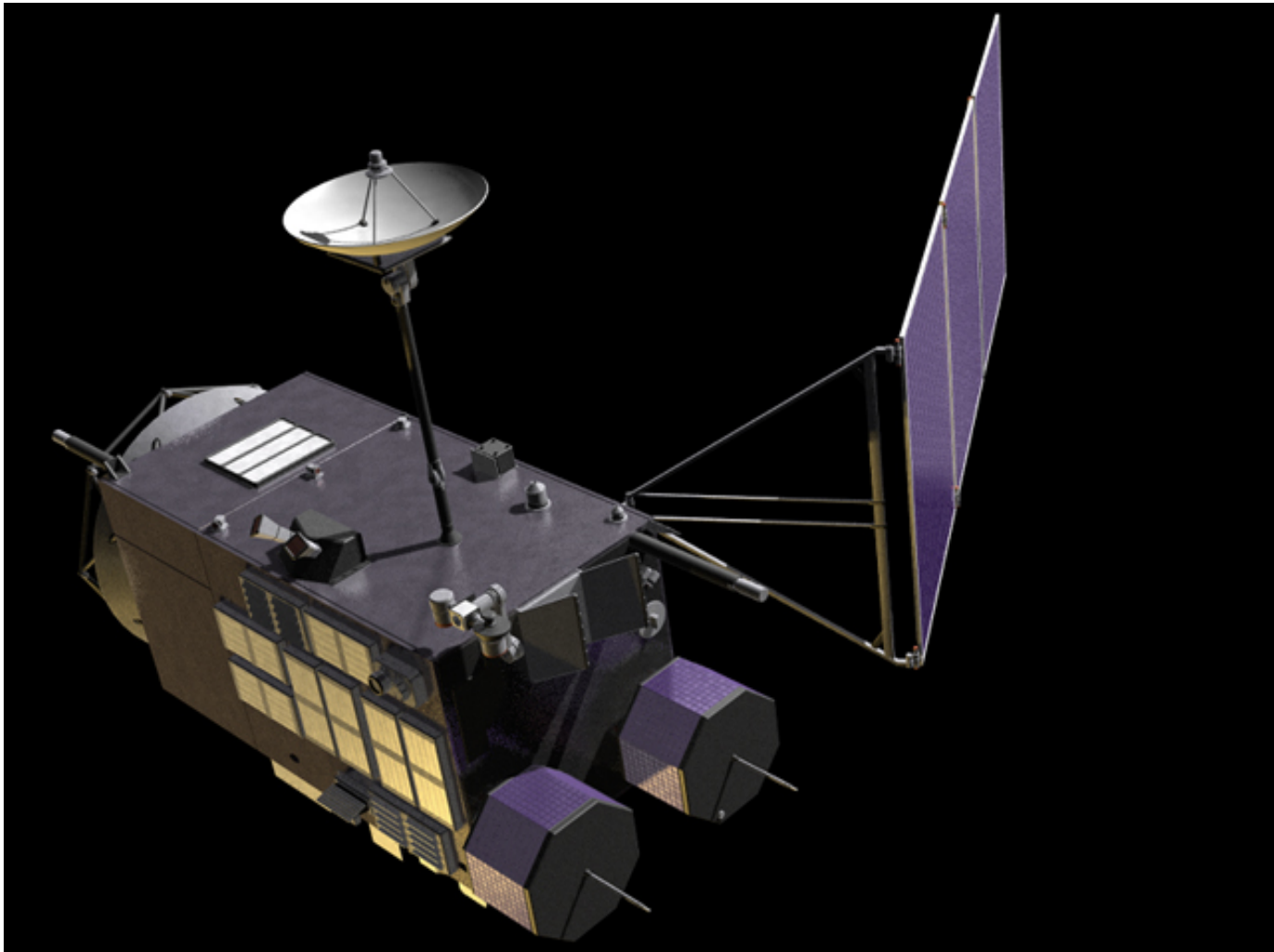


SELENE Mission Profile



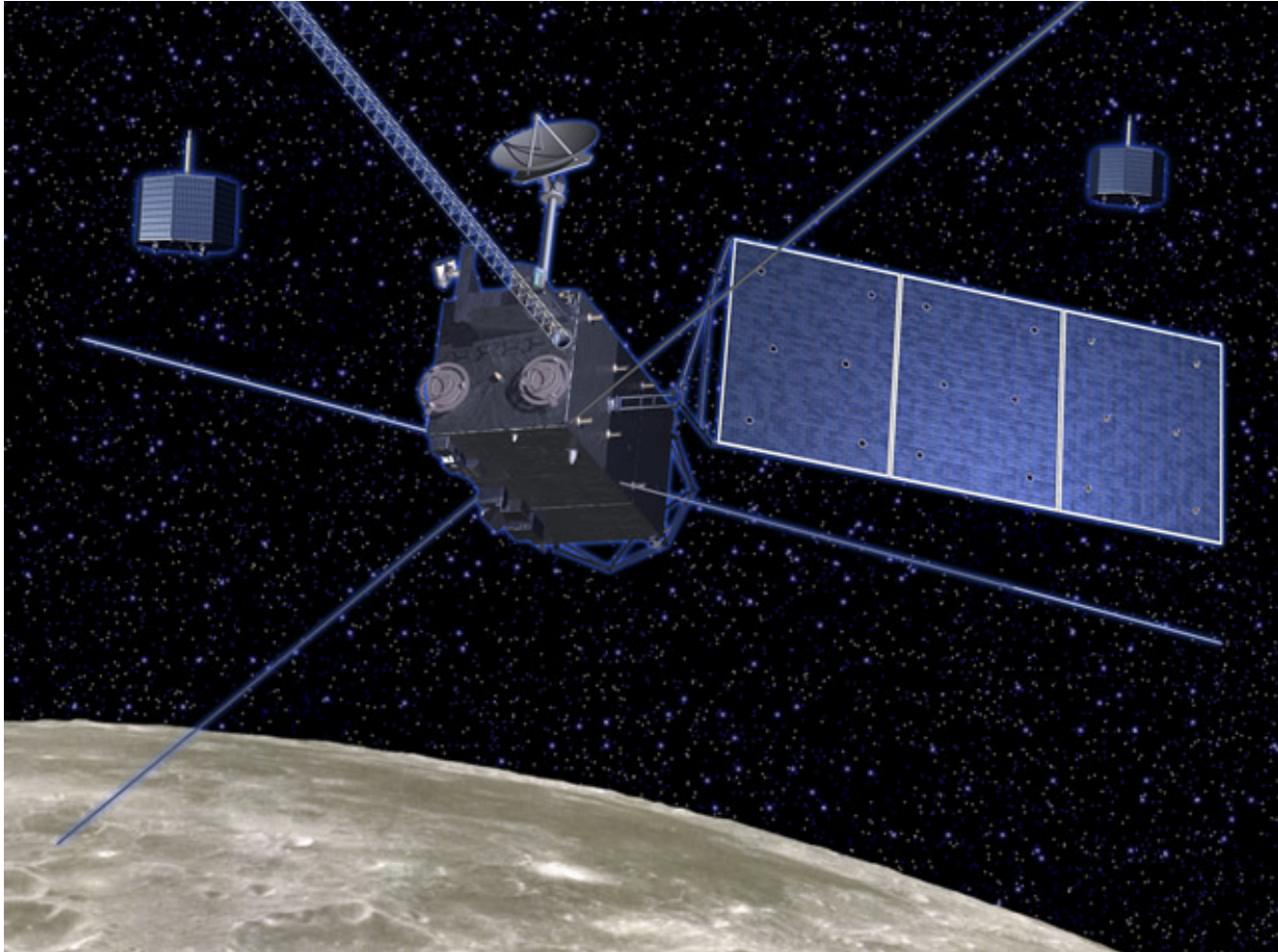


Configuration of the Orbiter in Transfer Orbit





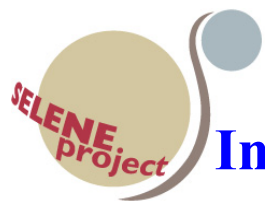
Configuration of the Orbiter in Lunar Orbit



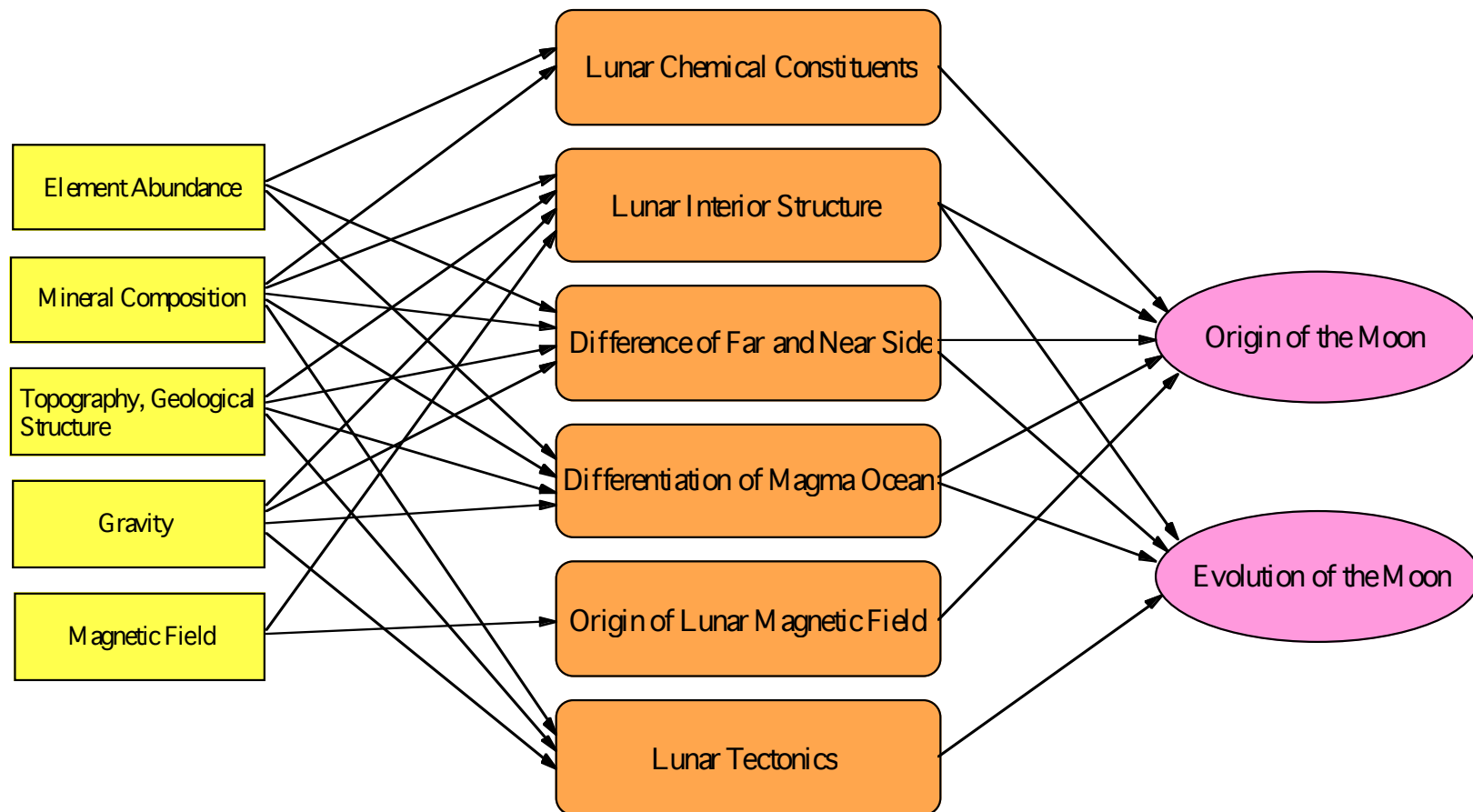


SELENE Mission Instruments

Observation	Instrument	Characteristics
Element Abundance	X-ray Spectrometer	CCD 100cm ² , Energy range 0.7~8 keV, Resolution 90 eV, 5μm-Be film, Solar x-ray monitor, Calibrator with sample, Global mapping of Al, Si, Mg, Fe, Spatial resolution 20 km
	Gamma-ray Spectrometer	High purity Ge crystal 250 cm ³ , Energy range 0.1~10 MeV, Resolution 2~3 keV, Stirling refrigerator 80°K, Global mapping of U, Th, K, O, Al, Ca, Fe, Mg, etc., Spatial resolution 130~150 km
Mineral Composition	Multi-band Imager	UV-VIS IR imager, Si-CCD and InGaAs, 9 bands in 0.4~1.6μm(Si: 415,750,900,950,1000; InGaAs: 1000,1050,1250,1550 nm), Band width 20~50 nm, Spatial resolution 20-60 m
	Spectral Profiler	Spectrometer, Si pin photo-diode and InGaAs, Band 0.5 to 2.6μm, Spectrum Sampling 6~8 nm, Spatial resolution 500 m, Calibration by halogen lamp, Observation of standard lunar site
Topography, Geological Structure	Terrain Camera	High resolution stereo camera(±15°), Si-CCD, Spatial resolution 10 m
	Lunar Radar Sounder	Mapping of subsurface structure, Frequency 5 MHz(4~6 MHz swept in 200μs every 50 ms), four-15 m antennas, 5 km depth with 100 m resolution, Observation of natural waves (10 kHz~30 MHz)
	Laser Altimeter	Nd:YAG laser altimeter (1064 nm, 100 mJ, 15 ns), Si-APD, Beam divergence 3 mrad(30 m spot) Height resolution 5 m, Spatial resolution 1600 m (pulse rate 1 Hz)
Gravity Field	Differential VLBI Radio Source	Radio sources on Relay Satellite and VRAD Satellite(3 S-bands, 1 X-band), Several tens of mW, Differential VLBI observation from ground (3 stations or more)
	Relay Satellite	Far-side gravimetry using 4 way Doppler measurement, S uplink, S spacelink, X downlink, Perilune 100 km and Apolune 2400 km at orbit injection, Doppler accuracy 1 mm/s(10 sec)
Magnetic Field	Lunar Magnetometer	3- axis flux gate magnetometer, Accuracy 0.5 nT, 32 Hz sampling, Mast 12 m, Alignment monitor
Lunar Environment	Charged Particle Spectrometer	Measurement of high energy particles, Si-detectors, Wide energy range 1.8~28(p), 4~113 MeV(Fe), High energy range 50~430 MeV(Fe), Alpha particle detector 4~6.5 MeV, 400 cm ²
	Plasma Analyzer	Plasma energy and composition measurement, 5 eV/q~28 keV/q(ion), 5 eV~17 keV(electron)
	Radio Science	Detection of tenuous lunar ionosphere using S and X band coherent carriers
Earth Ionosphere	Plasma Imager	Observation of plasmasphere and aurora, XUV(834 Å) and visible(5 bands)
Earth	High Density TV	Observation of the earth in a super-high resolution, for publicity and educational purposes



Integrated Research for Origin and Evolution of the Moon





Global Mapping of Chemical Composition

X-ray Spectrometer

Al, Si, Mg, Fe distribution

CCD sensors

Range 0.5-10keV

Spatial Resolution 20 X 20km

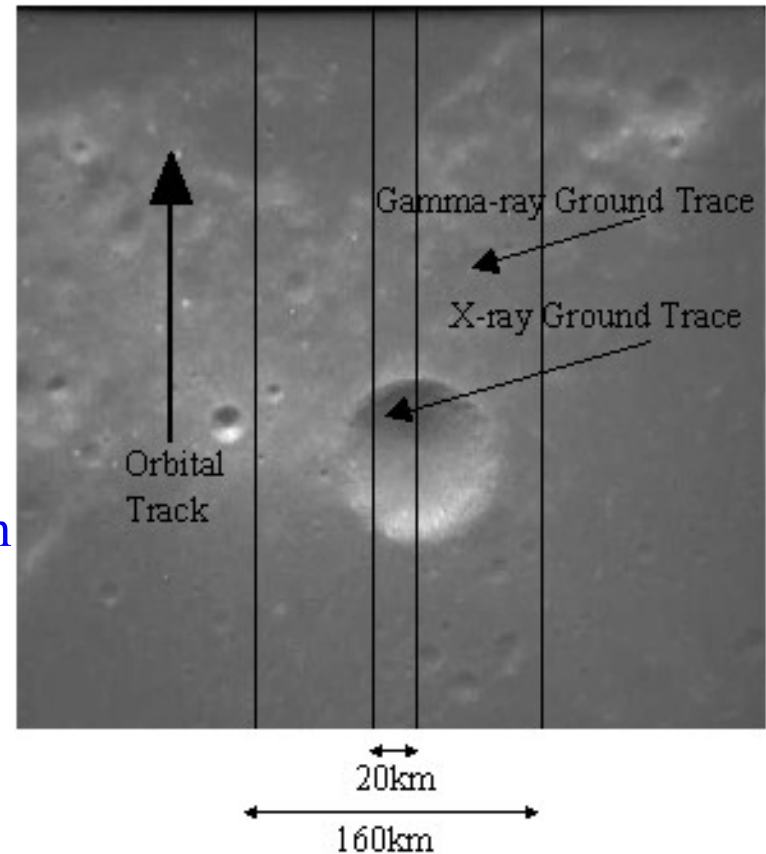
Gamma-ray Spectrometer

U, Th, K, Ca, Ti, Si, Al, Na distribution

High- purity Ge Crystal(250cm³)

Range 100 keV-10MeV

Spatial resolution 160km



Ground trace of XRS and GRS



Global Mapping of Mineral Assemblage

Multi-band Imager

UV-VIS-IR imager

Spectral bandwidth ranging from 0.4 to 1.6 μm ,

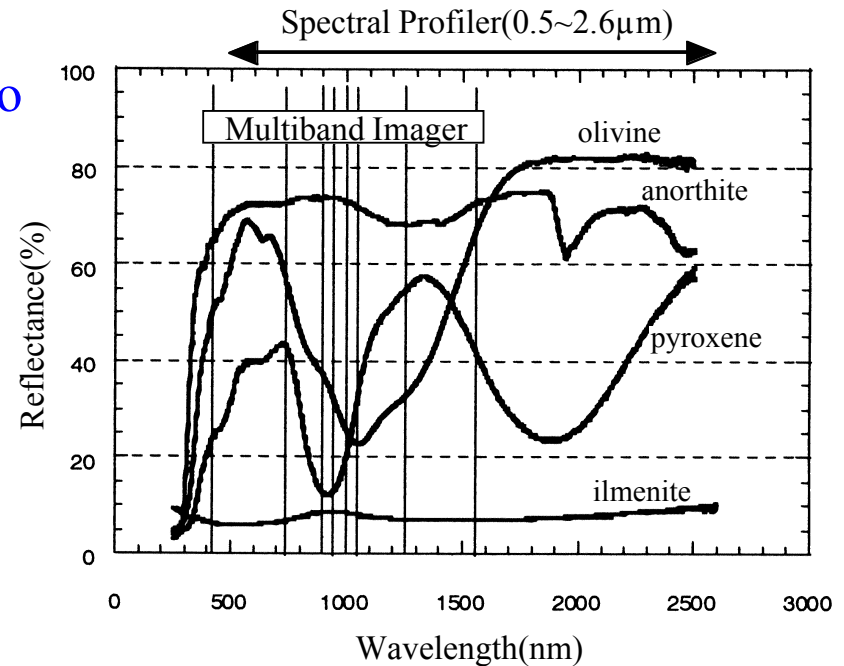
9 filters (bandwidth 10-30 nm)

Spatial resolution 20m

Spectral-Profiler

Continuous spectral profile ranging from 0.5 to 2.6 μm (spectral sampling 5nm)

Spatial resolution 500m



Typical reflectance spectrum of mineral



Subsurface Structure and Topography

Radar- Soundar

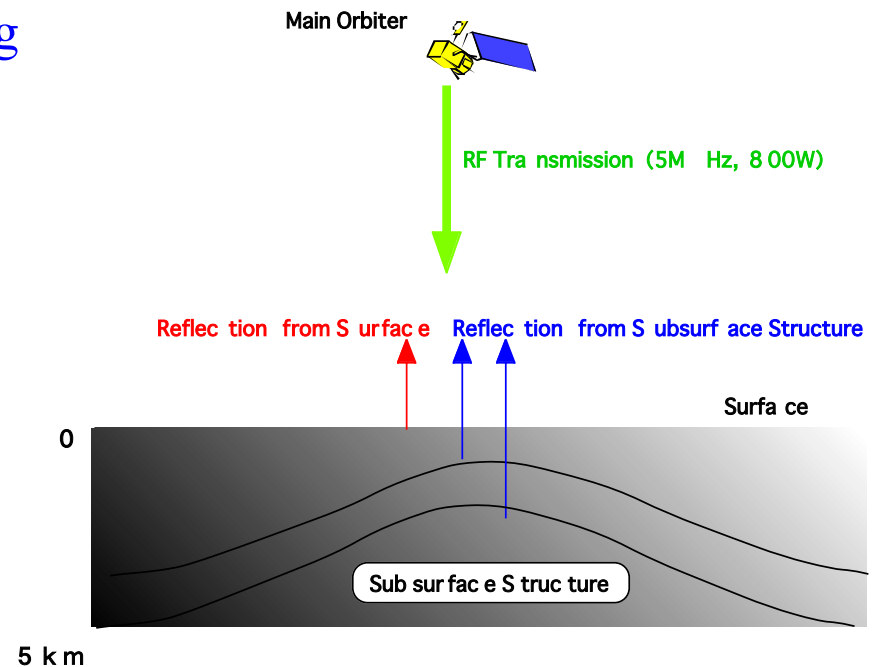
Mapping of subsurface structure using active sounding (frequency 5 MHz)
Depth 5 km(Resolution 100m)

Topographic Camera

Topography, Spatial resolution 10m

Laser Altimeter

Nd:YAG+ADP laser altimeter,
Footprint 30m
Height resolution 5m,
Spatial resolution 1600m
(pulse rate 1Hz)



Concept of Radar Sounder Experiment



Gravimetry and Selenodesy

Differential VLBI Radio-Source

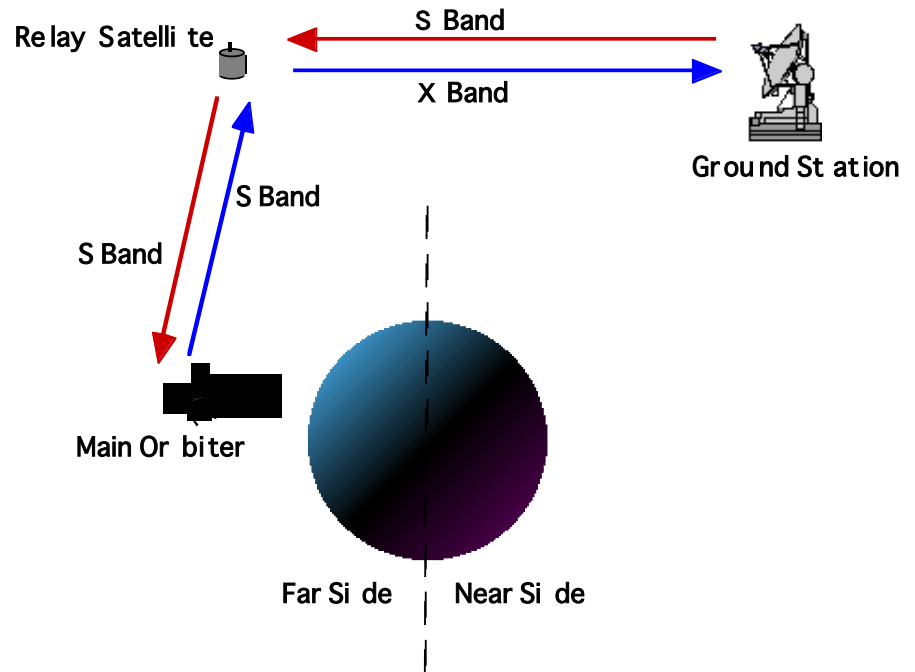
Three S-band sources and one X-band source

Relay satellite and VRAD satellite

Differential VLBI observation from ground station(3 stations).

Relay Satellite

Far-side gravimetry by Doppler measurement of orbiter via relay satellite (perilune 100km, apolune 2400km in altitude)



Concept of 4-way Doppler measurement



Magnetic Field Measurement

Mapping the distribution of crustal magnetic field and their direction

Determination the correlation of magnetic anomalies with surface geology

Magnetometer

3-axis fluxgate

Precision 0.5 nT

Truss 12m

Plasma Analyzer

Range 10 eV/q-30 keV/q



Observation for "Science on/from the Moon"

Charged Particle Spectrometer

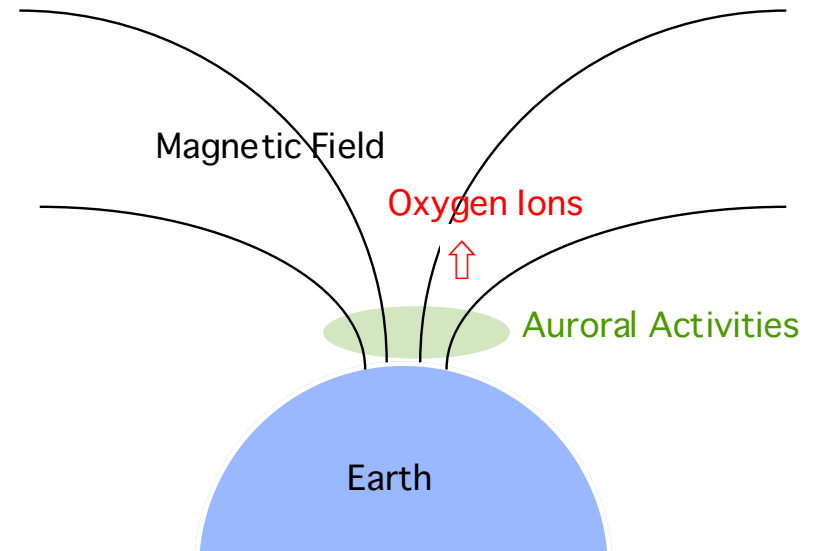
Measurement of high-energy particle
Isotope detector (1-30MeV(LID) and
8-300MeV(HID))
Alpha ray detector 4-6.5MeV

Plasma Imager

Observation of plasma dynamics
around the earth from lunar orbit,
EUV-VIS.

Radio Science

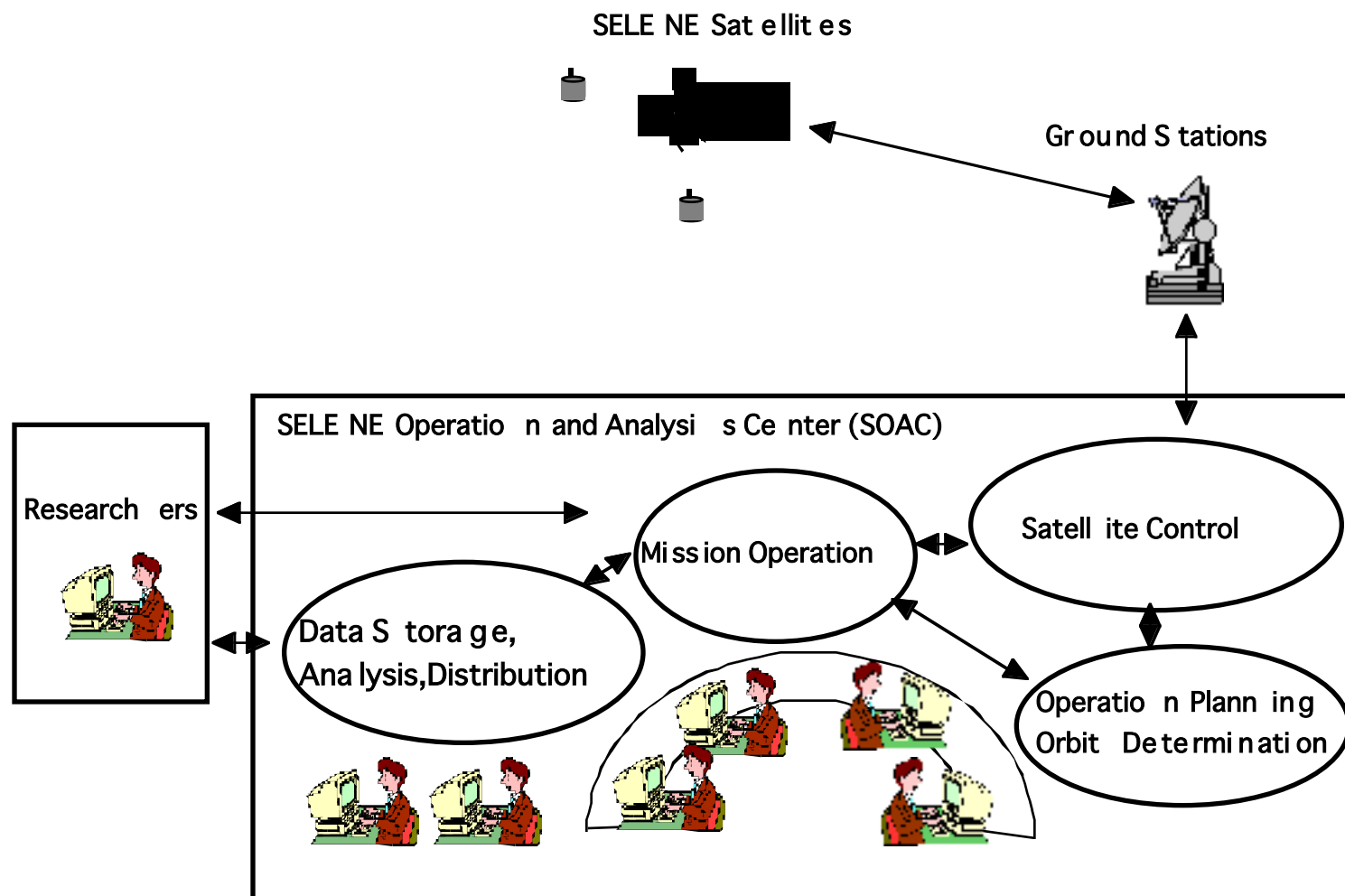
To detect the tenuous lunar ionosphere
using S, X-band coherent carriers.

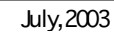


Observation of the earth
magnetosphere from the lunar orbit



SELENE Operation and Analysis Center







SELENE Mechanical Test Model





Concluding Summary

- Moon-orbiting observatory mission, "SELENE", will carry **15 mission instruments**.
- It will provide scientific data to clarify the **origin and evolution of the Moon**, which will be used as a common data base for planetary scientists in the world.
- Almost all flight hardware have already been fabricated.
- Integration test is now underway, targeting launch **late 2005**.
- Operation and data analysis center is now under development.